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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 10/084,616 02/28/2002		DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR Duane Detwiler	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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4372	7590	01/31/2003			
	OX KINTNER		EXAMINER		
SUITE 400	ECTICUT AVI	ŕ	GUTMAN, HILARY L		
WASHINGTON, DC 20036				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				3612	
				DATE MAILED: 01/31/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No. 10/084,616

Applicant(s)

Detwiler et al.

Examiner

Hilary Gutman

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		on the cover sheet with the correspondence address
	for Reply OBTENED STATISTORY REDIOD FOR BEDLY IS SET	TO EVENE A MONTHUS EDOM
	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	TO EXPIRE MONTH(5) FROM
- Extens	ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In	n no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the
- If the p	g date of this communication. Deriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within t	
 Failure 	to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause t	
	ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any
Status		
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Dec 27, 2</u>	2002 .
2a) 💢	This action is FINAL . 2b) This act	tion is non-final.
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance closed in accordance with the practice under Ex pa	except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is arte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
	tion of Claims	
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-14</u>	is/are pending in the application.
4	a) Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5) 🗆	Claim(s)	is/are allowed.
6) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-14</u>	is/are rejected.
7) 🗌	Claim(s)	is/are objected to.
ຸ8) 🗆	Claims	are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.
Applica	tion Papers	
9) 💢	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
10)💢	The drawing(s) filed on Feb 28, 2002 is/are	e a) 🗆 accepted or b) 🔀 objected to by the Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
11)□	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) \square approved b) \square disapproved by the Examiner
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply	to this Office action.
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exam	iner.
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	
13) 🗌	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign p	riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) □] All b)□ Some* c)□ None of:	
	1. \square Certified copies of the priority documents hav	ve been received.
	2. \square Certified copies of the priority documents hav	ve been received in Application No
;	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority d application from the International Bure	documents have been received in this National Stage
*Se	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of th	
14)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).
a) 🗆	The translation of the foreign language provisiona	al application has been received.
15)□	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.
Attachm		_
	tice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).
	tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
3) [X] Info	ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 8	6) Other:

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DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to because there is no instance of reference letter "G" in any of

the drawing figures. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply

to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will

not be held in abeyance.

Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

On page 8, [0024], lines 6-7 and on page 9, the "peak floor G" is unclear and furthermore

does not appear to be shown in the figures. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for

failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as

the invention.

Claim 1 recites the limitation "each bracket" in line 7. There is insufficient antecedent

basis for this limitation in the claim.

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For claims 11 and 12, it is unclear how the peak force and the peak moment is determined. And furthermore, it is believed that if the bumper system as recited exhibits the adequate peak force (<7.5 kN) and the adequate peak moment (< 510 Nm) then it would follow that other prior art bumper systems having the same features would also exhibit these characteristic results.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States. (e) the invention was described in-
- (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or
- (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).
- 6. Claims 1, 6, and 11-14, as best understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Futamata et al.

Futamata et al. disclose an impact reduction vehicle bumper system (Figures 3-4) comprising: at least two frame rails 1, 2 (only one of which is shown) mounted on a vehicle body; at least two brackets 5, 5 (only one of which is shown) coupled respectively to the at least two frame rails; a beam 6 attached to the at least two brackets (Figure 3); a plate member 4 attached

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to the beam; and at least two frame rail extensions 13 indirectly coupled to the at least two brackets. Each bracket 5 of the at least two brackets is disposed between a first end of a corresponding frame rail, specifically the rearmost end of the rail, and either one of a first end of the beam, which is the rearmost end of the beam facing towards the vehicle.

In addition, the plate member 4 has a U-shaped cross-section. The impact reduction system is a vehicle front bumper. The front bumper is mounted on a vehicle and it is believed that the vehicle meets ride height and fascia angle requirements for an alternative upper legform impactor test.

For claims 11 and 12, it is believed that if the bumper system as recited exhibits the adequate peak force (<7.5 kN) and the adequate peak moment (< 510 Nm) then it would follow that other prior art bumper systems having the same features would also exhibit these characteristic results.

7. Claims 1, 6, and 11-14, as best understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Hartel et al.

Hartel et al. disclose an impact reduction vehicle bumper system for a vehicle for reducing the force upon impact with an object comprising (Figures 1-2): at least two frame rails 3, 3, mounted on a vehicle body; at least two brackets 2, 2 coupled respectively to the at least two frame rails; a beam 7 indirectly attached to the at least two brackets; a plate member 6 attached to the beam; and at least two frame rail extensions 1, 1 coupled to the at least two brackets. Each

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bracket 2 of the at least two brackets is disposed between a first end of a corresponding frame rail, or generally the rearmost end of the rail, of the at least two frame rails and a first end of the beam, which is generally thought to be the rearmost end of the beam which faces in towards the vehicle.

In addition, the plate member has a U-shaped cross-section. The impact reduction system is a vehicle front bumper. The front bumper is mounted on a vehicle and it is believed that the vehicle meets ride height and fascia angle requirements for an alternative upper legform impactor test.

For claims 11 and 12, it is believed that if the bumper system as recited exhibits the adequate peak force (<7.5 kN) and the adequate peak moment (< 510 Nm) then it would follow that other prior art bumper systems having the same features would also exhibit these characteristic results.

8. Claims 1, 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Shibuya et al. Shibuya et al. disclose an impact reduction vehicle bumper system for a vehicle for

reducing the force upon impact with an object comprising: at least two frame rails 7 mounted on the vehicle body; at least two brackets 3, 45, coupled respectively to the at least two frame rails; a beam 5 indirectly attached to the at least two brackets; a plate member 11 attached to the beam; and at least two frame rail extensions 4 coupled to the at least two brackets. Each bracket 3, 45

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of the at least two brackets is disposed between a first end of a corresponding frame rail, generally the forward most end of the rail, and a first end of the beam, which is generally the rearmost end.

The frame rail extensions 4 include an upper extension 21, a lower extension 31, and an inner extension 41. The upper and lower extensions 21, 31 form an angled box and the inner extension 41 is disposed between the upper and lower extensions.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103© and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

10. Claims 2-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hartel et al. as applied to claim 1 above and further in view of the well known prior art.

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Hartel et al. disclose that the members of the bumper system are clearly not made of a plastic material (Column 1, lines 59-62). In addition, Hartel et al. disclose the plate member being metallic (Column 2, lines 1-2).

In addition, the brackets can be considered side brackets since the brackets are disposed on either side of the vehicle body (left and right).

However, Hartel et al. lack the plate member, beam, brackets, and frame rail extensions being made specifically of steel.

Composing bumper members of steel is well known in the prior art since steel provides high strength and collision-energy absorption, improved energy transfer characteristics, excellent durability and corrosion resistance, as well as having good formability and being lightweight.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have made the components of Hartel et al. out of steel as taught by the well known prior art in order to provide the bumper system of Hartel et al. with high strength and good shock absorption.

Hartel et al., as modified, also disclose the plate member 6 being welded to the beam 7.

Hartel et al., as modified, lack the other components being "welded" together.

It should be noted that the patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a

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product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process (MPEP 2113).

11. Claims 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hartel et al. as applied to claim 1 above and further in view of Goupy.

Hartel et al. lack the plate member having a multi-step U-shaped cross-section and more specifically a three-step U-shaped cross-section.

Goupy discloses an impact reduction vehicle bumper system for a vehicle for reducing the force upon impact with an object comprising (Figures 1-2 and 9): a beam 2 and a plate member 1 attached to the beam. The plate member has a frontal face 21 and upper and lower borders 22. The plate member also has a multi-step U-shaped cross-section and more specifically a three-step U-shaped cross-section (Figure 9). The purpose of this is to create a "ripple-bearing" which provides increased mechanical resistance characteristics and maximum bending moments to the bumper system when subjected to stress.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have created the plate member of Hartel et al. with a three-step (or multi-step) U-shaped cross-section in order to increase mechanical resistance and maximize the bending moments of the bumper system when subjected to stress.

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Response to Arguments

12. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-14 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

13. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication from the examiner should be directed to Hilary L. Gutman whose telephone number is (703) 305-0496.

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15. Any response to this final action should be mailed to:

Box AF

Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703)305-3597, (for formal communications; please mark "EXPEDITED

PROCEDURE")

or:

(703)305-0285, (for informal or draft communications, please clearly label

"PROPOSED" or "DRAFT").

hlg

January 28, 2003

D. GLENN DAYOAN

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600